GEOGRAPH-

So(Conf) : 8974987620

6000181572





UNIVERSITY HILL

Headquarter :: Shillong

No. F.6-1/Ex-Con/2016-967

Dated Shillong the 5th August 2019

To

The Principal	Don	Bosco	Calleges
Tura			0,

Sub: Revised Undergraduate syllabus in Geography, 2019

Sir/Madam,

With reference to the subject above, I am directed to forward herewith copies of undergraduate revised syllabus Geography, 2019 duly approved by appropriate authorities of the University to be implenmented from the current Academic session 2019-20.

This may kindly be brought to the notice of all concerned.

Thanking You,

Section Officer (Confidential) Examinations

Copy forwarded for information to:

- 1. The Head Department of Geography, NEHU, Shillong.
- 2. The Director, (Incharge), CDC NEHU, Shillong.
- 3. The Deputy Registrar (Conference), NEHU, Shillong.

Section Officer (Confidential)

Examinations

3/08/10



NORTH EASTERN HILL UNIVERSITY SHILLONG

REVISED UNDERGRADUATE SYLLABUS

GEOGRAPHY

Features of UG Syllabus in Geography for CBCS Curriculum

- L. As the CBCS Curriculum (a) *Arts Stream students* will have to complete three semesters Elective Papers and one semester English and MIL/Alt. English paper and (b) *Science Stream students* will have to complete four semesters with Elective Papers.
- 2. In the 'Arts Stream' Geography Honours students can opt for any two of the following elective subjects:
- (i) Political Science (ii) Economics (iii) History (iv) Sociology (v) Anthropology
- (vi) Philosophy (vii) Education
- In the 'Science Stream' Geography Honours students can opt for any two of the following elective subjects:
- Botany (ii) Zoology, (iii) Chemistry (iv) Physics (v) Mathematics (vi) Geology
- (vii) Environmental Science (vii) Statistics
- 4 Geography Honours students will have to prepare a Project Report in Sixth Semester. The report will carry 25 marks (19 marks for the report and viva-voce + 6 marks for Internal Assessment). Out of 19 marks, 14 marks will be for the report and 5 marks for Viva-voce. The Topic of the project is to be related the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc).

Revised UG Syllabus in Geography for CBCS Curriculum Structure

Arts Stream:

Category	SEMESTER						
	Yes and the second	II	111	IV	V	VI	
English				1	1		2.
Environmental Studies						1	1.
MIL/Alt. Eng				1			1.
Elective I	1	1	1				3
Elective II	1	1	1				3
Elective (Hon)	Human Geography	Physical Geography	Geography of India	Economic Geography	 Regional Geography of India Map Reading, RS & GIS** 	• Geography of Resources • Optional Papers	3
Marks	Theory - 19:56=75 (Internal evaluation : External evaluation)						
	Practical - 06:19=25 (Internal evaluation : External evaluation)						
Distribution	** Map reading, RS & GIS: Theory - 12:38 = 50 & Practical - 12:38 = 50						

Science Stream:

Category	SEMESTER						Total Papers
	l	Name of Street	111	IV	V	VI	
English					1		1
Environmental Studies						1	1
MIL/Alt. Eng			The last of the la				
Elective I	1	1	1	1			4
Elective II	1	1	1	1			4
Elective (Hon)	Human Geography	Physical Geography	Geography of India	Economic Geography	 Regional Geography of India Map Reading, RS & GIS*** 	 Geography of Resources Optional Papers 	8
IV arks	Theory - 19:56=75 (Internal evaluation : External evaluation)						
Distribution	Practical - 06:19=25 (Internal evaluation : External evaluation) ** Map reading, RS & GIS: Theory - 12:38 = 50 & Practical - 12:38 = 50						

Credit Distribution and Outline of Courses for Honours and Pass (Geography)

Semest ar	Paper No. & Title	Paper (Th./Prac.)	Credits	Marks division (Internal +External)	Total Marks	Total Credits
(Hons and	Paper I (GE: 101) Human Geography	Theory	3	19 + 56 = 75	100	4
		Practical	1	06+19 = 25		
(Hon and	Paper II (GE: 201) Physical Geography	Theory	3	19 + 56 = 75		
Pass)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Practical	1	06+19 = 25	. 100	4
(Hons. and Pass)	Paper III (GE: 301) Geography of India	Theory	4	25 + 75	100	4
(Hons.) and	Paper IV (GE: 401) Economic Geography	Theory	3	19 + 56 = 75	100	4.
Pass for only Science Stream		Practical	1	06+19 = 25		
V (Hons.)	Paper V (GE: 501) Regional Geography of North East India	Theory	4	25 + 75	100	4
	Paper VI (GE: 502) Map Reading, RS, GIS	Theory	2	12+38= 50	100	4
	and Surveying	Practical	2	12+38= 50		
VI (Fions.)	Paper VII (GE: 601) Geography of Resources	Theory	4	25 + 75	100	4
	Optional Paper (Any one from the following):		3	19 + 56 =75		
	(a) Geomorphology (b) Biogeography (c) Population Geography (d) Urban Geography	Project	1	06+19 = 25	100	4
	(e) Agricultural Geography					

Semester-I

Paper: I (GE 101) HUMAN GEOGRAPHY (Pass and Honours)

PART A: Theory Credits: 3 Marks 75 (Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit 1-Introduction to Geography

(i) Definition, Nature & Scope of Geography, Branches & Sub Branches (ii) Geography as a study of relationship between man and environment (Determinism/Possibilism/Neo-Determinism approaches) (iii) Relationship of Geography with other subjects Economics/sociology/history/botany/zoology/statistics).

Unit II - History of Development of Geography

Development of Geographical Thought: (i) Classical period: Greeks and Romans; (ii) Medieval period: Arabs; (iii) Modern: Alexander von Humboldt, Carl Ritter and Vidal de la Blache

Unit-III - Social Geography

(i) Definition, Nature & Scope (ii) Racial Strains in Human Population and their distribution (iii) Languages and their distribution (iv) Religion and their distribution

Unit-IV - Population Geography

- (i) Definition, Nature &Scope (ii) Growth, distribution, density of human population in the world
- (iii) Demographic Transition model (iv) Concepts of optimum, over and under population

Unit - V - Settlement Geography

- (i) Definition, Nature & Scope (ii) Types and pattern of rural settlements
- (iii) Functional classification of urban settlement (iv) Concept of Towns, Cities, Metropolis, Conurbation.

Part B- Practical

Credit 1

Marks 25 Time: 3Hrs (Internal:6)

In the End Semester Examination, students are to attempt 2 questions out of 3. Question Will carry 7 marks each. Practical Notebook will carry 3 marks & Viva voce will carry 2 marks)

- (i) Scale of Maps: Enlargement and reduction of maps (square method)
- (ii) Types of cartographic symbols and their uses: Population distribution maps (with uniform dots, spheres and choropleth methods)
- (iii) Representation of Social Data (Language & Religion) using pie diagram

Earstman, E.F. (1995): Human Geography-Culture, Connections and Landscape, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Chisholm, M. (1975): Human Geography, Penguin Books, Hermondsworth.

Conningnam, Lawrence et al., (1982): Culture and Values, Hort, Rinehart and Winston, New York.

De Blij, H.J. (1999): Human Geography, John Willey and Sons, New York.

Diksnit R.D. (1994): The Art and Science of Geography, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Dikshii R.D.(2000): Geographical Thought-A Contextual History of Ideas , Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Dikshit, R.D. (2000): Political Geography: The Spatiality of Politics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Hartshorne, R. (1959): Perspective on the Nature of Geography, McNally and Co., Chicago.

Harvey, D.(1972): Explanations in Geography, Edward-Arnold, London.

Hazra, Jayati et al., (1977): Dimensions of Human Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Holt, J.A. (2001): Geography; Its History and Concept, Longman, London.

Hopkins, I. (1982): An Introduction to Human Geography, Widenfeld and Nicolson, London.

Husain. M. (1984): Evolution of Geographical Thoughts, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

James, R. (2000): Contemporary Human Geography, Dorling-Kindersley Publications, London.

James, R. (2010): The Cultural Landscape-An Introduction to Human Geography, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

James, P.E. (1980): All Possible World: A History of Geographic Ideas, Sachin Publications, Jaipur.

Tables, R. (2010): The Cultural Landscape-An Introduction to Human Geography, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Jhonston, R.J. et al., (1991):The Dictionary of Human Geography(3rd Edition, Reprint), Blackwell Publishers, U.K.

Knox, P.L. and Marston Sallie (2001): Places and Regions in Global Context: Human Geography(2nd Edn.), Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Kobayashi, A. and Mackenzie, S. (1989): Remaking Human Geography, Unwin Hyman, Boston.

Minshull, R. (1970): The Changing Nature of Geography, Huchinston University Library, London.

Mohammad, N. (2008): Practical Work in Geography, Sunflower Publishers, New Delhi.

Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson H.R. (1989): Maps and Diagrams(Reprint), B.I. Publications, New Delhi

Orford, E.J. (1935): Senior Practical Geography, University of London, London.

Perpillau, A.V. (1979): Human Geography(2ndEdn.), Longman, England.

Raisz, E. (1985): Principles of Cartography, McGraw Hill, New York.

Robinson, A.H. (1985): Elements of Cartography, John Willey & Sons. New York.

Sarkar, A. (1997): Practical Geography, Orient Longman, Kolkata.

Singh, Gopal (1998): Map Work and Practical Geography, Vikas Publishing, New Delhi.

Singh, L.R. (2006): Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda pustak bhawan, Allahabad.

Singh, L.R. (2002): Fundamentals of Human Geography, ShardaPustakBhawan, Allahabad.

Singh. R.L. (1979): Elements of Practical Geography Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

Talukdar, S. (2008): Introduction to Map Projections, EBH Publishers, Guwahati.

Wooldridge, S.W. (1956): The Geographer as Scientist, Thomas Nelson and Sons Ltd., London.

DIS.

Semester-II

Paper II (GE: 201) PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY (Honours and Pass)

Part A-Theory

Credits 3

Marks 75 (Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I: Geomorphology

(i) Concept, Nature and Scope (ii) Geological Timescale (iii) Plate Tectonics (iv) Exogenetic geomorphic processes: weathering, mass wasting (v) Concept of landform development (Davis & Penck)

Unit-II: Climatology

(i) Definition, Nature and Scope (ii) Heat Budget and heat balance (iii) Classification of Air masses, fronts cyclones and anti-cyclones (iv) Koppen's scheme of classification of world climate

Unit-III: Oceanography

(i) Definition, Nature and Scope (ii) Ocean floor configuration (Pacific, Atlantic & Indian) and Ocean deposits (iii) Ocean Currents (Pacific, Atlantic & Indian) (iv) Coral reefs: classification

UNIT IV Biogeography

(i) Concept, Nature and Scope (ii) Global distribution of plants (iii)

Global distribution of plants and animals (iv) Concept of biomes: Tropical forest & Grassland biomes (v)

Biodiversity: concept and significance

UNIT V: Pedology

(i) Factors of Soil formation (ii) Soil forming processes (iii) Physical & Chemical Properties of Soil (iv) Soil Profiles (laterite, podzol, chernozem).

Part B- Practical

Credit 1

Marks 25 Time: 3Hrs

(Internal: 6)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to attempt 2 questions out of 3. Question will carry 7 marks each. Practical Notebook will carry 3 marks & Viva voce will carry 2 marks)

- Interpretation of landforms with the help of Serial, Superimposed, Projected and Composite profiles (Toposheets of Survey of India); Slope Analysis: Smith's Method
- (ii) Morphometric Analysis of Drainage Basins: Stream Ordering and Drainage Frequency
- iii) Representation of temperature and rainfall data (Hythergraph and Climograph)

Ahmad. E.(2001): Geomorphology, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

Ahmad, E. (2001): Physical Geography (Reprint), Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi

Block C.W. (1968): Maps: Topographical and Statistical, Clarendon Press, Oxford.

Chastopherson, R.W. (2011): Geosystems: An Introduction to Physical Geography, Prentice Hall. New Jersey.

Critchfield, H. (1975): General Climatology, Prentice Hall, New York.

Dayal P. (1996): A Textbook of Geomorphology, Shukla Book Depot, Patna.

Gabier, R.E., Pettersen, J.F., and Trapasso, L.M. (2006): Essentials of Physical Geography (8th Edition), Cenegage Learning, USA.

Graid, S. (1980): General Oceanography, John Willey & Sons, New York.

Hugget, R. J. (2003): Fundamentals of Geomorphology, Routledge, London.

Hugget, R.J. (2004): Fundamentals of Biogeography, Routledge, USA.

Hugget, R. J. (2009): Physical Geography: The Key Concepts, Taylor and Francis, USA.

Kale, V.S. and Gupta Abhijit (2001): Introduction to Geomorphology, Orient Longman, Calcutta.

Khan, Md. Z. A. (1998): Textbook of Practical Geography, Concept Publishing, New Delhi.

Kumar, A. (2008): Biodiversity and Environmental Management, DVS Publ., New Delhi.

Lal, D.S (2005): Climatology, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.

Lal, D.S (2009): Physical Geography, ShardaPustakBhawan, Allahabad.

Lownsburg, J.F. and Aldrich, F.T. (1979): Introduction to Geographical Methods and Techniques, Charles Marlin, Columbus.

Malik, A. (2008): Causes of Climate Change, DVS Publ., New Delhi.

Mohammad, N. (2008): Practical Work in Geography, Sunflower Publishers, New Delhi.

Monkhouse, F.J. and H.R.Wilkinson (1989): Maps and Diagrams(Reprint), B.I. Publications, New Delhi.

Negl, VS. (2002): Climatology and Oceanography, Kedar Nath Ram Nath, Meerut.

Negi, 8 S. (2000): Physical Geography, Kedar Nath Ram Nath, Meerut

Pettersen, J.F., Sack, D., and Robert, E. (2010): Fundamentals of Physical Geography, Cenegage Learning, USA.

Snarma, Y.K. (2007): Physical Geography, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra.

Singh, S. (1998): Geomorphology, Prayag Pustakalaya, Allahabad.

Strahler, A.N. and Strahler, A.H. (1992): Modern Physical Geography, John Willey & Sons, New York.

Thompson, R.D. et al., (1986): Processes in Physical Geography, Longman, London.

Thornbury, W.D. (1960): Principles of Geomorphology, John Willey & Sons, New York.

Trewartha, G.T. (1980): An Introduction to Climate, McGraw Hills, New York.

Wooldrige, S.W. and Morgan, R.S. (1959): The Physical Basis of Geography-An Outline of Geomorphology, Longman Green & Co., London.

aposite

ge 7

arry 7

ic

its

Sis

s (V)

1) Soil

Semester-III

Paper III: GE 301 GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

(Honours)

Theory

Credits 4

Marks 100 (Internal: 25)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10, selecting at least 1 from each unit. The questions will be of equal value, carrying 15 marks each)

Unit - Physical Environment

(i) Physiography (ii) Climate and Climatic regions (Koppen's scheme) (iii) Soil and (iv) Natural Vegetation

Unit-II Human Environment

(i) Growth, Distribution and density of population in India since Independence and associated problems (ii) Population composition: Literacy (iii) Urban growth and process of Urbanisation

Unit-III: Resource Base

- (i) Forest (flora) (ii) Energy (coal, petroleum, uranium) (iii) Minerals (iron ore, manganese & bauxite)
- (iv) Agricultural resources (tea, rubber, rice, wheat, cotton)

Unit-IV: Economic Regions

(*) Agricultural Regions (ICAR, 1982) and their characteristics (ii) Industrial belts and their characteristics (iii) Modes of transportation and its distribution (Road, Railway & Inland Waterways)

Unit-V Basis of Regionalisation

(i) Spate's & R.L. Singh's Scheme of Regional Division of India (ii) Detailed Study of Any One Macro region under (a) Physiography (b)Climate (c) Drainage (d) Soil (e) Natural Vegetation

References and Suggested Readings

Ahmac, A. (1999): Social Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Gautam, A. (2006): Advanced Geography of India, Sharda Pustak bhawan, Allahabad.

Gopalakrishnan, R. (1991): North-East India: Land, People and Economy, Vikash Publishing House, New Delhi.

Khullar, D. (2000): India-A Comprehensive Geography, Kalyani publishers, New Delhi.

Mathur, S. M. (2004): Physical Geography of India, National Book Trust of India, New Delhi.

Nag, P. and Roy, P. (1998): Geography of India, Concept Publications, New Delhi.

Paul, S. (1967): Physical Geography of India, Orient Longman, Calcutta.

Shafi, M. (2000): Geography of South Asia, McMillan &Co., Calcutta.

Singh, R.L. (1971): India: A Regional geography, The National Geographic Society, Varanasi.

Spate, O.H.K. and A.T. Learmonth (1967): India and Pakistan: A General and Regional Geography, Methuen & Co., London.

Taher, M. and Ahmed, P. (1998): Geography of North East India, Eldorado Publications, Guwahati.

Tirtha, R. (1996): **Geography of India**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
Tirtha R. and Gopal Krishnan R. (1996): **Emerging India**, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Semester IV

Paper IV: GE 401 ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY (Honours)

Part A-Theory

Credits 3

Marks 75 (Internal: 19)

(in the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit - Basic Concepts

from

15 (ii)

; iii)

gion

(i) Definition , Nature and Scope (ii) Evolution of the world economic systems (iii) Growth and Development (iv) Basic characteristics of developed and developing Economies

Unit-II Resources and Economic Activities

(i) Concept and Classification of Resources (ii) Sectors of Economy: Primary, Secondary, Testiary , Quaternary, Quinary

Unit-III Primary Sector and Related Activities

(i) Agricultural systems of the World (Whittlesey): (a) Intensive subsistence

(b) Commercial grain farming and (c) Plantation farming (ii) Von Thunen's Theory (iii) World distribution of Crude Oil, Coal, Iron ore.

Unit-IV Secondary Sector and Related Activities

(i) Factors affecting location of industry (ii) Theory of Industrial Location (Weber) (iii) Classification of manufacturing industries (iv) World distribution of Iron and Steel, Automobiles and Petrochemical Industries

Unix-V Tertiary, Quaternary and Quinary Activities

(i) Modes of transportation: Land & Water (ii) Frade Blocs: South Asia, Asia-Pacific, Principal Trade Routes (Panama, Suez) (iii) Service industries: Tourism (iv) Knowledge service s-ITES and IT services

Part B- Practical

Credit 1

Marks 25 Time: 3 Hrs

(Internal: 6)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to attempt 2 questions out of 3. Question will carry 7 marks each. Practical Notebook will carry 3 marks & Viva voce will carry 2 marks)

Application of statistical techniques in analysis of economic data:

- (i) Frequency Distribution and Measurement of central tendency (Mean, Median and Mode)
- (ii) Measures of dispersion (Mean and Standard deviation); Bi-variate Co-relation, Regression analysis and students 't' test
- (iii) Use of time series analysis and Index numbers in geographical studies

Alexander J.E. (1974): Economic Geography, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Berry, Blij L., et al., (1991): Global Economy, Prentice Hall Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.

Boesch, H. (1964): Geography of World Economy, D. Van Nostrand Co., New York.

Chapman Mc Grew, J. and Monroe, C.B. (2000): An Introduction to Statistical Problems Solving in Geography, McGraw Hills, New York.

Clarke William A.V. and Hosking, P.L. (1986): Statistical Methods for Geographers, John Willey, New York.

Cryson, J., Henry, N., Keeble, D. and Maertin, R. (2004): The Economic Geography Reader, John Willey & Sons. Ltd., Chichester.

David, E. (1985): Statistics in Geography, Blackwell, USA.

Elhance, D. N. (1972): Fundamentals of Statistics, Kitab Mahal, Allahabad.

Gregory, S. (1963): Statistical Methods and Geography, Longman, London.

Griffith, D.A., Amrhein, C.G. and Desloges, J.R.(1991): Statistical Analysis for Geographers, PrenticeHall, New York.

Ghosh, M.C. (1988): Modern Economic Geography Modern Book Agency, Kolkata.

Greggor, H.F. (1970): Geography of Agriculture, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

Griggs, D.B. (1974): The Agricultural Systems of the World, Cambridge University Press, New York.

Guha, J. L. (1998): New Approach to Economic Geography World Press, Kolkata.

Hammond, R. and McCullagh, P. (1974): Quantitative Techniques in Geography: An Introduction, Clarendon Press, London.

Hartshorne, T.N. and Alexdander, J.W. (1988): Economic Geography, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

King, L.J. (1969): Statistical Analysis in Geography, Prentice Hall, New York.

Jones, C.F. and Darkenwald, G.G. (1997): Economic Geography, McMillan Co., New York.

Lee, R. and Wills, J.(1997): Geography of Economies, Arnold, London

Leong, G.C. and Morgan, G.C. (1982); Human and Economic Geography, Oxford university Press, London.

Mahmood, Aslam (2002): Statistical Methods in Geography (Reprint), Rajesh Publication, New Delhi.

Marnoria, C.B.(1997): Economic and Commercial Geography of India, Shiva Lal Publications, Agra.

Miller, E. (1962): Geography of Manufacturing Industries, Prentice Hall, New York.

Negi, B. S.(1985): **Economic and Commercial Geography of India** Kedar Nath Ram Nath , Meerut.

Peet, Richard (1999): Theories of Development, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.

Raza, M. and Agarwal, Y. (1986): Transport Geography of India, Concept Publishing, New Delhi.

Rogerson, P.A. (2010): Statistical Methods for Geography: A Student's Guide, Sage Publication, Kolkata.

Roy, Prithwish Kumar (1986): Economic Geography New Central Book, Kolkata.

Sarkar, A (2015): Practical Geography: A systematic approach, Orient BlackSwan, New Delhi

Singh, R.L. (1998): Elements of Practical Geography (Revised), Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

Smith, D.M. (1971): Industrial Location-An Economic Geographical Approach, John Willey, New York.

Thakur, A.K. (2011): Economic Geography and Development, Lakshi Publ., Guwahati.

Thomas. R. S. (1962): The Geography of Economic Activities, McGraw Hill, New York.

Semester V

Paper V: GE5 501 REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF NORTH EAST INDIA (Honours)

Theory

Credit 4

Marks 100 (Internal: 25)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10, selecting at least 1 from each unit. The questions will be of equal value, carrying 15 marks each)

Unit-I: Physical Environment of North East India

(i) Physical Setting: Location, Physiography, Climate, Drainage, Soil, Natural Vegetation

Unit-III Demographic Dimensions

Population growth since Independence (ii) Population distribution, density (iii) Age-Sex composition (iv) Literacy (v) Migration

Unit - HE Social Dimension

(i) Racial strains in Population (ii) Tribe (iii) Language (iv) Religion

Unit - IV: Economic Dimension

(i) Agriculture: types and characteristics of agricultural practices (ii) Shifting Cultivation: Characteristics, Problems and Consequences (iii) Mineral and Energy resources (limestone, silliminite, coal, oil and hydro) (iv) Industries (Oil refining, Petrochemical, Small scale and cottage, Tourism)

Unit - V: Development & Contemporary Issues

(i) Transportation (Land: Road & Railway; Inland Waterway), (ii) Communication – problems and prospects (iii) Integrated Rural Development and Planning for Backward Area (iv) Act East Policy

Dikshit, K.R. et al (2014): North-East India: Land, People and Economy, Advances in Asian Human Environment Research, Springer, New York-London.

Gopalakrishnan, R. (1991): North-East India: Land, People and Economy, Vikash Publishing House, New Delhi.

Khullar, D. (2000): India-A Comprehensive Geography, Kalyani publishers, New Delhi.

Singh, R.L. (1971): India: A Regional geography, The National Geographic Society, Varanasi.

Taher, M. and Ahmed, P. (1998): Geography of North East India, Eldorado Publications, Guwahati.

Barpujari, H.K. (1970): Problems of the Hill Tribes of North East India, Volume 1, Lawyers Book Stall, Gauhati.

Chaube, S.K. (1999): Hill Politics in North East India, Orient Longman, Calcutta.

Nongkynrih, A.K. (2010): Scheduled Tribes and the Census: A Sociological Inquiry, in Economic and Political Weekly, XIV (19); 43-47.

Hazarika, Joysankar(1996): Geopolitics of North East India: A Strategical Study.

Sharma, Suresh Kant & Usha Sharma (2015): Discovery of North-East India: Geography, History, Culture, Religion, Politics, Sociology, Science, Education and Economy. North-East India.

Volume one, Volume 1, Mittal Publications.

Gopalakrishnan, Ramamoorthy (1991): Political geography of India's North East, Har-Anand Publications in association with Vikas Pub. House.

Col Ved Prakash, (2006): Encyclopaedia of North-East India, Vol. 1.

T.Raatan (2004); "Various Ethnic Groups," Encyclopaedia of North-East India, Volume 3, Kalpaz Fublications, Delhi- 110052, p 17.

Bhattcharyya, Narendra (2009): North East India: A Systematic Geography.

Semester- V

Paper VI: GE 502 MAP READING, RS, GIS AND SURVEYING (Honours)

Part A- TheoryCredits 2

Marks 50 (Internal: 12)

(In the end semester examination, students are to answer 4 questions out of 8, selecting one from each unit. Unit 1 & 2 carry 10 marks each and Unit 3 & 4 carry 9 marks each)

Unit-I: Map Reading

(i) History of Map-making (ii) Types of Maps and their functions (iii) Map Reading Techniques: Concepts of point, line and area (iv) Map projections: Definition, Classification

Unit-II: Field Survey

(i) Importance of Field Study in Geography (ii) Field Techniques in data collection: Physical & Socio-seconomic Survey (Household Schedule and Focused Group Discussion)

Unit-III: Remote Sensing

- [Definition, Nature and importance (ii) Historical background (iii) Basic Principles (iv) Components
- (v) Applications

Unit IV: GIS

- (ii) Definition, Nature and importance (ii) Historical background (iii) Basic Principles (iv) Components
- (v) Applications

Part B- Practical

Credits 2

Marks 50 (Internal:12)

(4½ Hours)

In the end semester examination students are to answer any 3 questions selecting at least 1 from each unit. The questions are of equal value, each question carrying 10 marks. The Viva-voce and Practical Notebook carries 4 marks each)

Unit I: Projections

[1] Zenithal Gnomonic Projection (ii) Simple Conical Projection with Two Standard Parallels (iii) Cylindrical Equal Area Projection

Unit II: Surveying

- (i) Plane Table Survey-Land survey to establish linear measurement (Radial method)
- (ii) Prismatic Compass: Open and Closed traverse survey
- (iii) Transit Theodolite: Preparation of contour maps

Unit II: Remote Sensing & Geographical Information System

- (ii) Visual interpretation of land use and land cover mapping using aerial photo and satellite imagery
- Map digitization and co-ordinate registration using GIS software

Books on Projection:

Archer, J. E. and Dalton, T.H. (1968): Field Work in Geography, William Clowes and Sons Ltd., London.

Bolton, T. and Bewbury, P.A. (1968): Geography Through Fieldwork, Blandford Press, London. Bonham-Carter, G. (1994): Geographical Information System for Geoscientists: Modelling with

GIS, Pergamon Press, Oxford.

Burrough, P. A. and McDonnell, R.A. (1998): Principles of Geographical Information System, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Davis, B.E. (2001): GIS: A Visual Approach, Onward Press, Canada.

Decker, D. (2001): GIS: Data Sources, John Willey and sons, U.S.A.

Glemmer, G. (2010): GIS20: Essential Skills, ESRI Press, California.

Jones, P.A. (1968): Field Work in Geography, Longmans, Green and Company Ltd., London.

Karnetkar, T.P. and Kulkarni S.V. (1974, 1981): Surveying and levelling, Vol. I and II, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashani, Pune.

Kraak, Menno-Jan and Ormeling, F. (2004) Cartography-Visualisation of Geospatial Data, Pearson Education, U.K.

Lousenbury, J.F. and Aldrich, F.T. (1986): Introduction to Geography Field Methods and Techniques, Charles E. Merrill Publishing. Company, Colombus.

Malone, L. (2005): Mapping Our World: GIS Lessons for educators, ESRI Press, California

Misra, R. P. and Ramesh A. (2002): Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing House, New Delhi.

Monkhouse, F.J. and Wilkinson, H.R. (1989): Maps and Diagrams (Reprint), B.I. Publications, New Delhi.

Panigrahi, N. (2008): Geographical Information System, University Press, Bangalore.

Robinson, Arthur et al., (1978); Elements of Cartography, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Sarkar, A. (1997): Practical Geography, Orient Longman, Kolkata

Shamsi, U.M. (2002): GIS Tools for Water, Wastewater and Storm water Systems, ASCE Press, USA.

Shuurman, N. (2004): GIS: A Short Introduction, Blackwell, U.K.

Singh, L.R. (2006): Fundamentals of Practical Geography, ShardaPustakBhawan, Allahabad.

Sinton, D.S. & Jennifer J. Lund (2007): **Understanding Place: GIS and Mapping Across the Curriculum**, ESRI Press, California.

Steingberg, S. J. and Steingberg, Sheila S. (2006): GIS: Geographical Information System for Investigating Space and Place, Sage Publications, London.

Stilwel, J. and Clarke, G.(2004): Applied GIS and Spatial Analysis, John Willey & Sons, USA.

Semester-VI Paper VII: GE 601

GEOGRAPHY OF RESOURCES

Theory Credits 4 Marks 100 (Internal: 25)

In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10, selecting 1 from each unit. The guestions will be of equal value, carrying 15 marks each)

UNIT- Basic Concepts

(i) Concept, Classification and Significance of Resources (ii) Concept of Human Resource (iii) Population-Rescurce Relationship (Ackerman's) (iv) Concept of Human Development Index

UNIT-II Biotic Resources

(i) Global distribution of Forest Resources (ii) Global distribution of marine fishing: over-fishing and consequences (iii) Global biodiversity& hot-spots

UNIT-III: Abiotic Resources

(i) Clobal distribution of Energy (Hydro, Atomic & Non-Conventional) (ii) Distribution of Ferrous (Iron ore, Bauxite, Copper) & Non-ferrous minerals (Limestone, Gypsum) (iii) Marine resources (excluding Fishing)

UNIT-IV: Resource, Environment and Development

(i) Environment -Development dilemma (ii) Territorial conflict in use of water resources (Indus & Cauvery) (iii) Environmental consequences of natural resource consumption: Pollution (air, water & land) and Global warming

UNIT-V: Resource Conservation

(i) Global arable land, food resources and food security (ii) Principles of conservation: efficiency in uses, ecycling & substitutions (iii) Concept of sustainability

References and Suggested Readings

Blanco, E. and Razzaque., J. (2011): Globilization and National Resources, Law, Challenges, Key Issues and Perspective, Edward Elgar Publ., U.K.

Brundtland, G.H. (1987): Our Common Future, UNCED Report, Geneva.

Cheng, L.O. (1983): Certificate Physical and Human Geography, Oxford Univ., Press, Oxford.

Coe, N., Kelly, P. and Yeung, H.W.C. (2007): Economic Geography: A Contemporary Introduction, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Dicken, P. (2007): Global Shift: Mapping the changing contours of the world economy, Sage Publ., New York.

Mackinson, D. and Cumbers, A. (2007): An Introduction to Economic Geography: Globilization, Uneven Development and Place. Printice Hall, New Jersey.

Parman, S.S. (2002): Geography, Economics and Economic Geography, ASD Pub., Pune.

Roy, Pritnwish (2005): Economic Geography: A Study of Resources, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata.

Seamons, I.G. (1980): The Ecology of Natural Resources, Edward Arnold, London.

Simmons, I.G. (1991): Earth, Air and Water: Resources and Environment in the 20th Century, Edward Arnold, London.

Miebe, K. (2003): Land Quality Agricultural productivity and Food Security, Edward Elgar, Publ., U.K.

Semester VI

Paper VIII: GE 602 (Honours-Optional) (One of the given Optional Papers MUST be chosen)

Paper VIII - GE 602 (a) GEOMORPHOLOGY

Part A-Theory Credits 3 Marks 75 (Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I Fundamentals

(i) Definition, nature and scope of Geomorphology (ii) History of development of geomorphic ideas-Classical and Modern (iii) Historical and Regional approaches to the study of Geomorphology

Unit-II Geomorphic Processes

(i) Endogenetic and Exogenetic Forces/Processes: Weathering and Mass Wasting processes (ii) Evolution of slope (iii) Processes of erosion, transportation and deposition and resultant landforms associated with work of running water, wind and glacier

Unit-III Evolution of Landforms

- (i) Evolution of landforms and drainage with special reference to folded and faulted structure
- (ii) Concepts of stream ordering given by Horton and Strahler (iii) Development of drainage systems and patterns

Unit-IV Concept of Base Level and Erosion Surfaces

- (i) Concepts of base level, graded profile and poly-cyclic erosion (rejuvenation of cycles)
- (ii) Concepts of erosion surfaces- identification and characteristics of Peneplain and Pediplain

Unit-V Regional Geomorphology

- (i) Detailed geomorphological study of: (i) Eastern Himalaya Mountain (ii) Chottanagpur Plateau
- (iii) Ganga Valley

Part B- Project

Credit 1

Marks 25 (Internal:6)

(The Topic of the project is to be related to the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc) from their respective district and are to collect necessary primary and secondary data. The data are to be used for preparation of the Project Report using suitable cartographic, statistical, RS and GIS techniques wherever necessary)

Mark distribution – 14 marks for Project Report and 5 marks for Viva-voce)

Ahmed, E. (2004): Geomorphology (reprint), Kalyani Publ., Ludhiana,

Bloom, A.L. (1978): Geomorphology-A System of Late Cenozoic Landforms, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

Bloom, A. L. (1992): Geomorphology-A Systematic Analysis, PHI, New Delhi.

Dayal, P. (1996): A Text Book in Geomorphology, Shukla Book Depot, Patna.

Dury, G.H. (ed.): Essays in Geomorphology, Heinmann, London.

Holmes, A. (1975): Principles of Physical Geology (3rd edition), ELBS/Van Nostrand, Reinhold.

Kale, S. Vishwas and Gupta, Avijit (1996): Introduction to Geomorphology, Orient Longman, Calcutta,

Sparks, B.W. (1960): Geomorphology, Longman, London.

Singh, S. (1968): Geomorphology, Prayag Pustak Bhavan, Allahabad.

Small, R.J. (1972): The Study of Landforms, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Thornbury, W.D. (1960): Principles of Geomorphology, John Wiley, New York.

Woolridge, S.W. and Morgan, R. S. (1960): Principles of Geomorphology, Longman Green, London.

Chorley. R. J. (1972): Spatial Analysis in Geomorphology, Methuen, London.

Cooke, R. U. and Doornkamp, J.C. (1974): Geomorphology & Environmental Management – An Introduction. Clarendon Press. Oxford.

Fairbridge, R. W. (1968): Encyclopedia of Geomorphology, Reinholdts. New York.

Guoudie. A. (1993); The Nature of the Environment, Oxford & Blackwell, London.

Garner, H. F. (1974); The Origin of landscape-A Synthesis Geomorphology, Oxford University Press, London.

Dur, G.H. (1959): The Face of the Earth, Penguin, Harmondsworth .

Mitchell, C. W. (1973): Terrain Evaluation, Longman, London.

Oller, C. D. (1979); Weathering, Longman, London.

Pitty, A. F. (1971): Introduction to Geomorphology, Methuen, London.

Sharma, H. S. (ed.) (1980): Perspectives in Geomorphology, Concepts, New Delhi,

Singh, S. (1998); Geomorphology, Prayag Pustak Bhavan, Allahabad.

Skinner, B. J. and Porter, S.C. (1995): The Dynamic Earth. John Wiley, New York.

Sparks, B. W. (1960): Geomorphology, Longman, London.

Stoddart, D. R. (ed.) (1996): Process and Form in Geomorphology, Routledge, New York.

Thornbury, W. D. (1960): Principles of Geomorphology, John Wiley, New York,

Page 18

JG Syllabus in Geography 2019

erever

uct an their ed for

as.

n of

with

and

Paper VIII- GE 602 (b) BIOGEOGRAPHY

Part A- Theory

Credits 3

Marks 75

(Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I: Fundamentals

(i) Nature, Scope and Significance (ii) Historical development of Biogeography (iii) Nature of biosphere (iv) Basic ecological principles

Unit-II: Distribution of Plants and Animals

(i) Geographical distribution of plants and animals (ii) Factors influencing their distribution (biotic, abiotic, anthropogenic and historical) (iii) Phyto-geographic and zoo-geographic regions of the world

Unit-III: Concept and Types of Ecosystem

(i) Concept of Ecosystem, Tropic Level, Food Chain, Food Web and Transfer of Energy (ii) Types of ecosystems: Terrestrial (grassland and desert ecosystem) and Aquatic (wetland and marine ecosystem)

Unit-IV: Biodiversity

(i) Concept of Biodiversity (ii) Biodiversity loss and its conservation (iii) Biodiversity 'hot spots' of the world (iv) Status of Biodiversity in North-East India

Unit-V: Conservation and Management of Ecological Regions

- (i)Study of the following ecological regions of India in relation to plant and animal diversity, interrelations, problems, conservation and management:
 - (i) Tropical Rain Forest
 - (ii) Mangroves

Part B- Project

Credit 1

Marks 25 (Internal: 6)

(The Topic of the project is to be related the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc) from their respective district and are to collect necessary primary and secondary data. The data generated are to be used for preparation of the Project report using suitable cartographic, statistical, RS and GIS techniques wherever necessary)

(Mark distribution – 14 marks for Project Report and 5 marks for Viva-voce)

Bansereau, M. (1957): Biogeography-An Ecological Perspective, Ronald Press, New York.

Shattacharya, N.N. (2007): Biogeography, Eastern Book House, Guwahati.

Dox Barry, C. et al. (1977): Biogeography: An Ecological and Evolutionary Approach, Cox Blackwell, Oxford.

Hagget, R. J. (1995): Geography: An Evolutionary Approach, Routledge, London.

Hagget, R.J. (1995): Fundamentals of Biogeography, Routledge, London.

Joy, T. (1993): Biogeography: A Study of Plants in the Ecosphere, Longman, London.

Mani, M.S. (ed.) (1972): Biogeography of India, Springer, The Hague.

Mathur, H.S. (1998): Essentials of Biogeography, Amy Printers, Jaipur.

Martin, C. (1975): Plant Geography, Methuen, London.

Phillip, J. (1957): Zoogeography: The Geographical Distribution of Animals, John Wiley, New York.

Robinson, H. (1982): Biogeography, Mc Donald and Evans, London.

Seddon, B. (1971): Biogeography, Duckworth, London.

Spellberg, I.F. and Sawyer, J. W.D. (1999): An Introduction to Applied Biogeography, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

World Resource Institute, (2001): People and Ecosystems: World Resources Institute, Washington.

eir be

Paper VIII GE 602 (c) POPULATION GEOGRAPHY

Part A- Theory

Credits 3

Marks 75

(Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I Fundamentals

(i) Definition, nature, scope and objective (ii) Development of population geography as a special field of study (iii) Sources of population data and their reliability

Unit-II Population Composition

- (i) Composition of population of the world: (a) age and sex (b) literacy and level of education
- (ii) Occupational and economic composition: its characteristics, determinants and regional pattern

Unit-II Population Growth

(i) History of world population growth (ii) Demographic Transition model and its applicability in India (iii) Theories of population growth: Malthus and Marxian view

Unit-III Population Distribution

(i) Distribution of global population: determinants; the emerging regional patterns and the associated problems

Unit-IV Components of Population change

Dynamics of Population: (i)Determinants of Fertility and Mortality (ii)Migration-Types, determinants and consequences (iii) Ravenstein's model of migration

Part B- Project

Credit 1Marks 25 (Internal: 6)

(The Topic of the project is to be related to the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc) from their respective district and are to collect necessary secondary and primary data. The data generated are to be used for preparation of the Project report using suitable cartographic, statistical, RS and GIS techniques where ever necessary)

(Mark distribution – 14 marks for Project Report and 5 marks for Viva-voce)

of

:ec

ind

217

be 1es Bogue, D.J. (1969): Principles in Demography, John Wiley, New York.

Bose, A. et al. (1974): Population in India's Development (1947-2000), Vikas Publication House, New Delhi.

Chandna, R.C. (2000): Geography of Population, Kalyani Publ., New Delhi.

Clarke, John I. (1973): Population Geography, Pergamon Press, Oxford.

Crook, Nigel (1997): Principal of Population and Development, Pergamon Press, New York.

Gamler, B. J. (1970: Geography of Population, Longman, London.

Kochhar, Rajesh (2000): The Vedic People: Their History and Geography, Orient Longman Ltd. New Delhi.

Mamoria, C.B. (1981): India's Population Problems, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

Mitra, Ashok (1978): India's Population Problems and Control (Vol. I & II), Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

Mitra, Ashok (1991): India's Population: Heading Towards a Billion, B.R Publ. Corp., New Delhi. Premi, M.K. (2007): Population of India, NBT, New Delhi.

Srinivasan, K. and Vlassoff, M. (2001): Population and Development Nexus in India, Challenges for the new Millennium, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Sundaram K. V and Nangia, Sudesh (eds.) (1986): Population Geography, Heritage, New Delhi. Wood, R. (1979): Population Analysis in Geography, Longman, London.

Zelinsky, Willbur (1966): A Prologue to Population Geography, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

UG Syllabus in Geography 2019

Page 22

Paper VIII GE 602 (d): URBAN GEOGRAPHY

Part A-Theory

Credits 3

Marks 75

(Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I: Basic Concepts

(i) Nature and scope (ii) Definition of urban places and urban agglomerations - city, metropolis, conurbation and megalopolis (iii) concept of urbanisation and urbanism

Unit-II: Origin, Growth and Morphology of Urban Centres

- (i) Origin and growth of urban centres (ii) Functions and functional classification of towns
- (iii) City hierarchy: Rank-size relationship & Primacy (iv) Urban morphology models :- Concentric Zone , Sector and Multiple Nuclei

Unit-III: History and Growth of Urbanization in India

(i) History of urbanization in India (a) Ancient period (b) Medieval period, and (c) Modern period

Unit-IV: Growth of Indian Cities

(i) Growth of Indian cities since independence (ii) Regional distribution of urban centres (iii) Problems of small and medium towns (with special reference to Shillong UA)

Unit-IV: Metropolitan Cities and Planning in India

(i) Characteristics, problems and planning issues: Delhi, Mumbai and Kolkata

Part B- Project

Credit 1

Marks 25 (Internal: 6)

(The Topic of the project is to be related the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc) from their respective district and are to collect necessary primary and secondary data. The data generated are to be used for preparation of the Project report using suitable cartographic, statistical, RS and GIS techniques where ever necessary)

(Mark distribution – 14 marks for Project Report and 5 marks for Viva-voce)

of

an eir be

- Alam, S.M. (1964): Hyderabad Secunderabad-Twin Cities, Asia Publ. House, Bombay.
- Serry, BJ.L. and Horton, F.F. (1970): Geographic Perspectives on Urban Systems. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Carter, H. (1972): The Study of Urban Geography, Edward Arnold, London.
- Dickinson, R.E. (1964): City and Region, Rutledge, London.
- Dickinson R.E. (1964): City and City Region, Routledge, London.
- Dwyer DJ. (ed.) (1971): The City as a Centre of Change in Asia, University of Hong Kong Press, Hongkong.
- Gibbs, J.P. (1961): Urban Research Methods D. Van Nostrand Co. Inc. Princeton, New Jersey.
- Hall, P. (1992): Urban and Regional Planning, Routledge, London.
- Hall, T. (ed.) (2006): Urban Geography Routledge, London.
- Houser, Philip M. and Schnore Leo F. (eds.) (1965): The Study of Urbanization, John Wiley, New York.
- James P. and Jones, C.F. (eds.) (1954): American Geography: Inventory and Prospect, Syracuse University Press, Syracuse.
- Kundu, A. (1992): Urban Development Urban Research in India, Khanna Publ. New Delhi.
- Mandal, R.B. (1992): Urban Geography, Concept Publ., New Delhi.
- Mayer, H.M. and Kohn, C.F. (eds.) (1995): Readings in Urban Geography, University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- Nangia, Sudesh (1976): Delhi Metropolitan Region: A Study in Settlement Geography, Rajesh Publication, New Delhi.
- Raj Bala (1992): Urbanisation in India, 1901-1991, Rawat, Jaipur.
- Ramchandran, R. (1988): **Urbanization and Urban System in India,** Oxford Publication, New Delhi.
- Rao, V.L.S.P. (2000): Urbanisation in India-Spatial Dimensions, Concept Publ., New Delhi.

Paper VIII GE 602 (e): AGRICULTURAL GEOGRAPHY

Part A- Theory Credits 3 Marks 75 (Internal: 19)

(In the End Semester Examination, students are to answer 5 questions out of 10 selecting at least ONE from each unit. Unit 1 will carry 12 marks while the remaining units will carry 11 marks each)

Unit-I Fundamentals

(i) Definition, nature and scope (ii) Approaches to the study of Agricultural Geography (behavioural commodity, economic, regional, systematic and ecological)

Unit-II Origin and Diffusion of Agriculture

(i) Origin and diffusion of agriculture: Carl Sauer's views (a) (ii) Physical, socio- economic and technological determinants of agriculture

Unit-III Agricultural Systems of the World

(i) Agricultural systems of the world (Whittlesey's scheme): Shifting cultivation, intensive and extensive agriculture, commercial grazing, plantation agriculture and truck farming (horticulture)

Unit-IV Distribution and Pattern of Indian Agriculture

- (i) Bases of agricultural regionalization: crop concentration, crop combination, crop diversification
- (ii) Distribution and characteristics of agro-climatic regions (iii) Production and productivity of the major food crops (iii) Food surplus and deficit areas and associated problems

Unit-V Indian Agriculture: Characteristics and Issues

(i) Green Revolution and recent development in Indian agriculture (ii) Agricultural development in North-East India: Problems and Prospects

Part B- Project

Credit 1

Marks 25 (Internal: 6)

(The Topic of the project is to be related the optional paper of the student. Students are to conduct an independent research (study) of a small areal unit (village/town/ town ward/wards etc) from their respective district and are to collect necessary primary and secondary data. The data generated are to be used for preparation of the Project report using suitable cartographic, statistical, RS and GIS techniques where ever necessary)

(Mark distribution – 14 marks for Project Report and 5 marks for Viva-voce)

Anderson, E. (1970): Geography of Agriculture, W.M. C. Brown Co, Iowa.

Bayliss Smith, T. P. (1987): **The Ecology of Agricultural Systems, Cambridge University Press,** London.

Berkry, B. J. L. et al., (1967): The Geography of Economic Systems. Prentice Hall, New York.

Dyson, T. (1996): Population and Food- Global Trends and Future Prospects, Routledge, London.

Gregor, H. P. (1970): Geography of Agriculture. Prentice-Hall, New York.

Grigg, D.B. (1974): The Agricultural Systems of the World, Cambridge University Press, New York.

Husain, M. (1996): Systematic Agricultural Geography Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Mishra, R. P. (1967): Diffusion of Agricultural Innovations, University of Mysore, Mysore.

Mohammad, A. (1978): Studies in Agricultural Geography, Rajesh Publications, New Delhi.

Morgan, W. B. and Norton, R.J.C. (1971): Agricultural Geography. Methuen, London.

Sauer, O. C. (1969): Agricultural Origins and Dispersals. MIT Press, Cambridge.

Sen, S. (1975): Reaping the Green Revolution. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

Shafi, M. (2000): Agricultural Geography of South Asia, McMillan, Delhi

Shafi, M. (2006): Agricultural Geography, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

Singh, B.B. (1979): KrishiBhugol. Tara Publications, Varanasi.

Singh, J. and Dhillon, S.S. (2000): Agricultural Geography. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Singh, S. (1994): Agricultural Development in India: A Regional Analysis, Kaushal Publ., Shillong.

Singh, J. et al., (1984): Agricultural Geography, TataMcGrawhil1, New Delhi.

Symon, L. (1968): Agricultural Geography, George Bell and Sons, London.

Tanant, J.R. (1974): Agricultural Geography, David & Charles, Newton.

Reference and Suggested Readings (for Project Report under Optional Paper)

- Archer, J. E. and Dalton, T.H. (1968): Field Work in Geography, William Clowes and Sons Ltd., London.
- Bolton, T. and Bewbury, P.A. (1968): Geography through Fieldwork, Blandford Press, London.
- Flowerdew, Robin and Martin David (eds.) (2005): **Methods in Human Geography** (Second Edition), Pearson Education Ltd., Harlow.
- Gomm, Roger (2004): Social Research Methodology: A critical introduction, Palgrave Macmillan, New York.
- Jones, P.A. (1968): Field Work in Geography, Longmans, Green and Company Ltd., London.
- Kapur, Anu (2002): Voice of Concern, Concept, New Delhi.
- Kumar, R. (2011): Research Methodology (Third Edition), SAGE, New Delhi.
- Lousenbury, J.F. and Aldrich, F.T. (1986): Introduction to Geography Field Methods and Techniques, Charles E. Merrill Publ. Co., Colombus.
- Misra, H.N. and Singh, V.P. (2002): Research Methodology in Geography, Rawat, New Delhi.
- Monkhouse, F. J. and Wilkinson, F.J. (1985): Maps and Diagrams. Methuen, London.
- Pugh, J.C. (1975): Surveying for Field Scientists, Methuen and Company Ltd., London.
- Raina, R.M. (2011): Research in Geography: Trends and techniques, Sumit Enterprises, New Delhi.
- Robinson, G.M. (1998): Methods and Techniques in Human Geography, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester.
- Sarkar, A. K. (1997): Practical Geography: A Systematic Approach. Orient Longman, Kolkata.
- Singh, L.R. (2006): Fundamentals of Practical Geography, ShardaPustakBhawan, Allahabad.
- Singh, R.L. and Rana, P.B. (1993): **Elements of Practical Geography**. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Trivedi, R.N. and Shukla, D.P. (1996): Research Methodology, Radha Publ., New Delhi.